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COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR ENROLLED Senate Bill No. 305

(SENATORS KESSLER, UNGER, JENKINS, WHITE AND HUNTER, *original sponsors*)

[Passed March 5, 2008; in effect ninety days from passage.]



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AN ACT to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §7-1-14; and to amend and reenact §7-10-4 of said code, all relating generally to custody and care of animals abandoned, neglected or cruelly treated; authorizing county commissions to adopt ordinances, rules and regulations relating to such animals; providing for protection of such animals and the public's health, safety and the environment; providing guidance on developing ordinances, rules and regulations relating to such animals; authorizing county commissions that adopt such ordinances, rules and regulations to also limit the number of animals owned or kept based on ability to care for the Enr. Com. Sub. for S. B. No. 305] 2

animals; authorizing county commissions to establish penalties in such ordinances, rules and regulations; and clarifying evidentiary standards in hearings before magistrates involving in the seizure of abandoned, neglected or cruelly treated animals.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated ⁷⁻¹⁻¹⁴; and that ⁷⁻¹⁰⁻⁴ of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. COUNTY COMMISSIONS GENERALLY.

§7-1-14. Custody and care of animals abandoned, neglected or cruelly treated; animals causing public nuisance, health risk or safety hazard; authority of county commission.

- (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the 1 2 contrary, any county commission may adopt ordinances, 3 rules and regulations providing for the custody and care 4 of animals that have been abandoned, neglected or 5 cruelly treated for the protection of any such animal and to prevent it from becoming a public nuisance or 6 7 risk to public health or safety or the environment. 8 (b) Any such ordinance, rule or regulation may require 9 each owner to provide for each of his or her animals: 10 (1) Adequate food which provides sufficient quantity 11 and nutritive value to maintain each animal in good 12health; 13 (2) Adequate water which provides easy access to 14 clean, fresh, potable water of a drinkable temperature 15 in sufficient volume and suitable intervals to maintain
- 16 normal hydration for each animal;
- 17 (3) Adequate shelter to protect the animal from theelements and other animals;

(4) Adequate space in the primary enclosure for the
particular animal depending upon its age, size, species
and weight which is regularly cleaned to prevent an
unsanitary accumulation of urine and feces;

(5) Adequate exercise to assure that the animal
maintains normal muscle tone and mass for the age,
species, size and condition of the animal; and

26 (6) Veterinary care when needed or to prevent27 suffering or disease transmission.

(c) Any such ordinance, rule or regulation may limit
the number of animals owned, kept or maintained by an
individual, group or organization, whether public or
private based on the person's ability to provide for the
animals as set forth in subsection (b) of this section.

(d) Any such ordinance, rule or regulation shall
provide appropriate penalties for violations and shall
authorize humane officers to take possession of any
animal that is not properly cared for as required by such
ordinance, rule or regulation.

ARTICLE 10. HUMANE OFFICERS.

§7-10-4. Custody and care of animals abandoned, neglected or cruelly treated; hearing; bonds; liability for costs; liens; exclusions.

(a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (h) of this 1 2 section, a humane officer shall take possession of any animal, including birds or wildlife in captivity, known 3 4 or believed to be abandoned, neglected, deprived of 5 necessary sustenance, shelter, medical care or 6 reasonable protection from fatal freezing or heat exhaustion or cruelly treated or used as defined in 7 8 sections nineteen and nineteen-a, article eight, chapter 9 sixty-one of this code.

(b) The owner or persons in possession, if his or her
identity and residence are known, of any animal seized
pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall be

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13 provided written notice of the seizure, his or her 14 liability for the cost and care of the animal seized as 15provided in this section and the right to request a 16 hearing in writing before a magistrate in the county 17 where the animal was seized. The magistrate court shall 18 schedule any hearing requested within ten working days 19 of the receipt of the request. The failure of an owner or person in possession to request a hearing within five 20 21working days of the seizure is prima facie evidence of 22the abandonment of the animal. At the hearing, if 23 requested, the magistrate shall determine by a 24 preponderance of the evidence if the animal was 25abandoned, neglected or deprived of necessary 26 sustenance, shelter, medical care or reasonable 27 protection from fatal freezing or heat exhaustion or 28 otherwise treated or used cruelly as set forth in this 29 section.

30 (c)(1) If a hearing is requested and the magistrate finds 31by a preponderance of the evidence that the owner did 32 abandon, neglect or cruelly treat the animal, or if no 33 hearing is requested and the magistrate finds by a 34 preponderance of the evidence, based upon the affidavit 35 of the humane officer, that the owner did abandon, 36 neglect or cruelly treat the animal, the magistrate shall 37 enter an order awarding custody of the animal to any 38 humane officer for further disposition in accordance 39 with reasonable practices for the humane treatment of 40 animals. After hearing the evidence, if the magistrate is 41 not convinced the animal was neglected or cruelly 42 treated, he or she may dismiss the action and order the 43 animal be returned to the owner. If the magistrate finds in favor of the humane officer, the owner of the animal 44 45 shall post a bond with the court in an amount sufficient 46 to provide for the reasonable costs of care, medical 47 treatment and provisions for the animal for at least 48 thirty days. The bond shall be filed with the court 49 within five days following the court's finding against 50 the owner. At the end of the time for which expenses 51 are covered by the original bond if the animal remains 52in the care of the humane officer and the owner desires 53 to prevent disposition of the animal by the humane 54 officer, the owner shall post an additional bond with the

55 court within five days of the expiration of the original 56 bond. During this period the humane officer is 57 authorized to place the animal in a safe private home or 58 other safe private setting in lieu of retaining the animal 59 in an animal shelter. The person whose animal is seized 60 is liable for all costs of the care of the seized animal.

61 (2) If a bond has been posted in accordance with 62 subdivision (1) of this subsection, the custodial animal 63 care agency may draw from the bond the actual 64 reasonable costs incurred by the agency in providing 65 care, medical treatment and provisions to the 66 impounded animal from the date of the initial 67 impoundment to the date of the final disposition of the 68 animal.

69 (d) Any person whose animal is seized and against 70 whom the magistrate enters a finding pursuant to this 71 section is liable during any period it remains in the 72 possession of the humane officer for the reasonable 73 costs of care, medical treatment and provisions for the 74 animal not covered by the posting of the bond as 75 provided in subdivision (1), subsection (c) of this 76 section. The magistrate shall require the person liable 77 for these costs to post bond to provide for the 78 maintenance of the seized animal. This expense, if any, 79 becomes a lien on the animal and must be discharged 80 before the animal is released to the owner. Upon 81 dismissal or withdrawal of the complaint, any unused 82 portion of posted bonds shall be returned to the owner. 83 Upon a finding in favor of the humane officer, all 84 interest in the impounded animal shall transfer to the 85 humane officer for disposition in accordance with 86 reasonable practices for the humane treatment of 87 animals. Any additional expense above the value of the 88 animal may be recovered by the humane officer or 89 custodial agency.

90 (e) After the humane officer takes possession of the
91 animal pursuant to a finding by a magistrate that the
92 animal has been abandoned, neglected or cruelly treated
93 and a licensed veterinarian determines that the animal
94 should be humanely destroyed to end its suffering, the

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95	veterinarian may order the animal to be humanely
96	destroyed and neither the humane officer, animal
97	euthanasia technician nor the veterinarian is subject to
98	any civil or criminal liability as a result of such action.
99 100	(f) The term "humanely destroyed" as used in this section means:
101	(1) Humane euthanasia of an animal by hypodermic
102	injection by a licensed veterinarian or by an animal
103	euthanasia technician certified in accordance with the
104	provisions of article ten-a, chapter thirty of this code; or
105	(2) Any other humane euthanasia procedure approved
106	by the American Veterinary Medical Association, the
107	Humane Society of the United States or the American
108	Humane Association.
109	(g) In case of an emergency in which an animal cannot
110	be humanely destroyed in an expeditious manner, an
111	animal may be destroyed by shooting if:
$112 \\ 113 \\ 114 \\ 115$	(1) The shooting is performed by someone trained in the use of firearms with a weapon and ammunition of suitable caliber and other characteristics designed to produce instantaneous death by a single shot; and
116 117 118	(2) Maximum precaution is taken to minimize the animal's suffering and to protect other persons and animals.
119	(h) The provisions of this section do not apply to farm
120	livestock, as defined in subsection (d), section two,
121	article ten-b, chapter nineteen of this code; poultry,
122	gaming fowl or wildlife kept in private or licensed game
123	farms if kept and maintained according to usual and
124	accepted standards of livestock; poultry, gaming fowl,
125	wildlife or game farm production and management; nor
126	to the humane use of animals or activities regulated
127	under and in conformity with the provisions of 7 U. S.
128	C. §2131, <i>et seq.</i> , and the regulations promulgated
129	thereunder.

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The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman Senate Committee payman House Committee Originated in the Senate.

In effect ninety days from passage.

Clerk of the Senate

Onegar h. S. Clerk of the House of Delegates

President of the Senate

Speaker House of Delegates

The within A.D. A. P. D. D.L. . this , 2008. Governor

RESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR

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